

BLUE MOUNTAINS TRAIL

Linking Wildlands and Communities from Joseph to John Day





Renee Patrick completed the first solo thru-hike of the trail's route in 2020. As a long distance trails consultant specializing in conservation, her insights, and ideas are vital to our success.

In 2021, Greater Hells Canyon Council launched Oregon's newest long-distance trail—forming a 530-mile spiral. Contemplated, mapped, and dreamed of for more than half a century by conservationists, the Trail is now tangible.

The route links all seven of Northeast Oregon's wilderness areas; requires no new trails to be built; limits road walks and bushwhacks; and directly connects hikers to the communities of Joseph, Troy, Tollgate, La Grande, Sumpter, Austin Junction, and John Day with ties to more nearby towns along the route.

News of the BMT's brilliant peaks, rivers, forests, and wildlife is rippling among long distance hikers, tourism groups, communities, businesses, and conservationists.

We want to hear from you!

Consider taking a few minutes to complete our trail user survey at www.surveymonkey.com/r/blue-mountains-trail



Loren Hughes, pictured, founded the BMT in the 1970's alongside Dick Hentze and Greg Dyson. They were joined by Mike Higgins who remains instrumental in today's trail effort.

Be Part of the Vision

Blue Mountains Trail excitement is sweeping across NE Oregon like a fresh spring wind uniting people and place. We'll need plenty of partners to make sure all 530-miles are in good shape for hikers, for detailed mapping and route-finding guides, and for creating a sustainable blueprint for the Trail and local economies.

For more information, contact:

Pip Redding, Blue Mountains Trail Coordinator, GHCC pip@hellscanyon.org

Record-setting! The Trail features:

Hells Canyon National Recreation Area: deepest gorge in North America and last-free-flowing section of the Snake River.

Wilderness: Eagle Cap (Oregon's largest wilderness), Hells Canyon, Wenaha-Tucannon, North Fork Umatilla, North Fork John Day, Monument Rock, and the Strawberry Mountains.

Wildlands: some of the greatest expanses of unprotected roadless areas remaining in the lower 48 states, including Joseph Canyon and Hell Hole.

Peaks: The majority of Oregon's peaks over 9,000 feet high.

Oregon's Largest Ecoregion and Wildlife Mega-Corridor:

bridging the Rocky Mountains to the East, the Cascades to the West, and the Great Basin to the South, the Blue Mountains are a vital corridor for wildlife in an era of climate change.

Zumwalt Prairie: largest intact Pacific Northwest bunchgrass prairie, with 100+ species of wildflowers.

World's largest single living organism: the honey mushroom (Armarillaria) taking up three square miles underground, weighing up to 35,000 tons, and thousands of years old.

John Day River: one of the longest free-flowing rivers west of the Mississippi.



"A hike on the Blue Mountains Trail is long on solitude...you are more likely to encounter a black bear, mule deer, or mountain goat on much of the route than cross paths with another hiker."

Jared Kennedy, Founding Blue Mountains Trail Project Lead